

1908 WINDSOR
STATION TRAIN
WRECK.

Cause of C.P.R.'s Montreal Accident.

In giving evidence at the inquest into the causes of the recent accident at Windsor St. station, Montreal, when an uncontrolled train ran into the waiting-room there, H. H. Vaughan, Assistant to the Vice-President C.P.R., said: "The cause of the accident had evidently been that the plug had been struck by the driving wheel, a very rare occurrence with this style of engine. It is a thing which would happen very suddenly. It was caused by the breaking of the spring hanger, which was probably due to some hidden defect in the material. Defects in the spring hangers are constantly occurring on account of their very severe service, although they are made of the best material possible. The breaking of this spring hanger would lower the boiler on one side, and cant it two or three inches toward the wheels. If the engine had lurched over as far as possible the driving wheel would have come in contact with the washout plug. That blown out plug was the only thing that I could find on the boiler to account for the escape of steam. The needed repairs had all been made at Newport, and I received a report to that effect from the B. & M. locomotive foreman there. There were always minor repairs to be made after every run of 125 or 150 miles."

Asked as to how he accounted for the scalding of the engineer, he said he could not speak

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Asked as to how he accounted for the scald-
ing of the engineer, he said he could not speak
from knowledge, but proceeded to give his
views as to what must have taken place after
the fireman jumped: "My idea is that at first
the engineer did not think that anything
serious had happened. Otherwise I am con-
vinced that he would have shut the throttle
and applied the air brakes immediately. I
do not suppose we have a man but would have
done that. I think the engineer got off his
seat to go to the side where the plug had
blown out, and then found that the steam and
water he was getting was very much worse
than he expected. He probably at first
thought that the gauge glass had broken, and
he felt for that he got a whole spurt of hot

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steam and water in his face, and very likely
inhaled some of the boiling vapor. Either
that overcame him or he fancied that the
whole side of the boiler had blown out, and
staggered to the gangway and got off. I
think this because it is so infinitely easy for
an engineer to close the throttle and apply
the air. I have often seen engineers leave
their places and look at anything suspicious,
leaving the engine running, and I am con-
vinced that from his side of the cab, the thing
seemed trivial, and the engineer went to fix

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g the engine running, and I am con-
fident that from his side of the cab, the thing
was trivial, and the engineer went to fix
it. The result I have stated."

Vaughan then stated that while he
could not speak from actual knowledge, as he
had not seen the work done, the C. P. R. had
the track measured and an estimate of
the efficiency of the brakes, under the condi-
tions that were known to have existed, pre-
sented by the Westinghouse Co., and on this
information, which could be verified by the
engineers who supplied it, he gave the following
information as to why the brakes did not act:
The distance is 1,930 ft. from the station buffer block
where the brakeman had first taken alarm.
The brakeman thinks he acted very quickly;
he was excited. Probably three or four
seconds elapsed between his realizing where
the train was and actually applying the brake.
He had to turn around, enter the door, find
the valve was, and then open it, all of
which would have taken three or four seconds.
At that time the train was probably travelling
at 50 to 55 miles an hour, or from 70 to 80
feet a second, so that it would have run 250
feet before the valve was opened. Then after
the valve is opened it would probably take
several seconds before the full brake pressure
was obtained, the broken spring